UNITED STATES EX REL . Civil Action No. 1:09cv296

PAUL FUNK,

.

Plaintiff,

vs. . Alexandria, Virginia . September 23, 2010

MISSION ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL, . 10:00 a.m.

LLC; LANGUAGE LEARNING

ENTERPRISES, INC.; and CEIBA

ENTERPRISES, INC., d/b/a

GRACOR LANGUAGE SERVICES, INC..

Defendants.

TRANSCRIPT OF MOTIONS HEARING
BEFORE THE HONORABLE LEONIE M. BRINKEMA
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

## APPEARANCES:

FOR RELATOR: KIT A. PIERSON, ESQ.

Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll PLLC

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1100 New York Avenue, N.W.

Suite 500, West Tower

Washington, D.C. 20005

and

MARK HANNA, ESQ.

MICHELLE WOOLLEY, ESQ.

Murphy Anderson PLLC

1701 K Street, N.W., Suite 210

Washington, D.C. 20006

and

SCOTT NEWAR, ESQ. (by telephone)

700 Louisiana, 25th Floor

Houston, TX 77002

(APPEARANCES CONT'D. ON FOLLOWING PAGE)

(Pages 1 - 22)

COMPUTERIZED TRANSCRIPTION OF STENOGRAPHIC NOTES

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1	APPEARANCES: (Cont'd.)		
2	FOR DEFENDANT MISSION ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL:	ANTHONY H. ANIKEEFF, ESQ. ADAM G. CASAGRANDE, ESQ. WILLIAM A. WOZNIAK, ESQ. Williams Mullen 8300 Greensboro Drive, Suite 1100	
3			
4			
5		McLean, VA 22102	
6	FOR DEFENDANT LANGUAGE LEARNING ENTERPRISES:	MAURICE A. BELLAN, ESQ. JACKSON D. TOOF, ESQ. Arent Fox LLP 1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036-5339	
7			
8			
9	FOR DEFENDANT CEIBA ENTERPRISES, INC.:	RYAN A. CORLE, ESQ. DWIGHT D. MURRAY, ESQ. Jordan Coyne & Savits, L.L.P. 1100 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Suite 600 Washington, D.C. 20036	
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12		nasiring corr, p.c. 20000	
13	ALSO PRESENT:	ROBERT COZZIE	
14	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER:	ANNELIESE J. THOMSON, RDR, CRR U.S. District Court, Fifth Floor 401 Courthouse Square Alexandria, VA 22314 (703)299-8595	
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PROCEEDINGS
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             THE CLERK: Civil Action 09-296, Paul Funk v. Mission
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   Essential Personnel, LLC, et al. Would counsel please note their
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   appearances for the record.
             MR. HANNA: Good morning, Your Honor. Mark Hanna of
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   Murphy Anderson. I'm here with lead counsel, Mr. Kit Pierson,
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   whose pro hac vice was submitted yesterday, Your Honor.
   here with Michelle Woolley of my firm, and Scott Newar, who's on
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   the phone, of Houston, Texas.
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             THE COURT: All right, that's fine.
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                         Thank you, Your Honor.
             MR. HANNA:
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             THE COURT: And we'll take care of the paperwork on the
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   pro hac matter when it comes upstairs.
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             MR. PIERSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             MR. ANIKEEFF: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is
   Anthony Anikeeff. I'm a partner with Williams Mullen. I
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   represent the men and women of Mission Essential Personnel.
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             With me in court today is my partner, Adam Casagrande,
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   and beside him a representative of MEP, Robert Cozzie.
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             THE COURT: All right.
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             MR. ANIKEEFF: I also have an associate, Will Wozniak,
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   who I will be moving for admission on the uncontested motion
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   docket, if that's all right, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Pro hac or admission to the Court itself?
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             MR. ANIKEEFF: Admission to the Court. We checked with
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your office yesterday.
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              THE COURT: All right, that's fine.
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              MR. CORLE: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is Ryan
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   Corle, with the law firm of Jordan Coyne & Savits. I represent
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   Ceiba Enterprises, LLC, and with me this morning is my colleague,
   Dwight Murray, who has been admitted pro hac.
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              THE COURT: All right, good morning.
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              MR. TOOF: Good morning. My name is Jackson Toof, from
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   the law firm of Arent Fox LLP. I represent Language Learning
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   Enterprises. With me is lead counsel, Maurice Bellan, and his pro
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   hac vice has been admitted.
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              THE COURT: All right, very good.
              Why don't we take care of the preliminary matter now for
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   the one attorney. Do you have the paperwork with you?
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              MR. ANIKEEFF: Yes, Your Honor. It's -- would you step
   forward?
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              Your Honor, it's my pleasure to introduce and move the
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   admission to the bar of this Court of William Alexander Wozniak.
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   He is an associate in the law firm of Williams Mullen. He is
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   working with us on this case.
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              I have known Will for some time. He is an upstanding
   person, a person of good character, a good lawyer, and I believe
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   he would do credit to the bar of this Court.
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              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wozniak, where did you go to
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   law school?
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             MR. WOZNIAK: George Washington.
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              THE COURT: And how about your undergraduate work?
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              MR. WOZNIAK: Virginia Tech.
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              THE COURT: So you're a local person.
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              MR. WOZNIAK: I am.
              THE COURT: Very good. And how long have you been
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   practicing?
              MR. WOZNIAK: About eight months.
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              THE COURT: All right. Well, we're pleased to grant the
   motion, and the clerk will administer the affirmation to you at
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    this time.
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                             (Attorney affirmation administered.)
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              THE COURT:
                         All right, Mr. Wozniak, when the proceedings
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   are over, if you take this form down to the Clerk's Office,
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   they'll arrange for your certificate, and I think we'll probably
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   be seeing you in court for a while.
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              MR. WOZNIAK: Thank you.
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              THE COURT:
                          Thank you.
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              All right. Now, that takes care of all of the
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   preliminary matters, although I did not hear anybody from the
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   United States government enter an appearance. Is there anyone
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   here from the government? They were notified about this hearing.
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                             (No response.)
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              THE COURT: Have plaintiff's counsel had any contact
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   with anyone from the United States Attorney's Office?
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MR. HANNA: Yes, Your Honor. I asked if they were going
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   to file any papers, and I heard that they were not going to file
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   papers, but I usually expect to see them here in False Claims Act
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   matters, so I don't know the answer to the question.
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              THE COURT: Well, especially when a motion to dismiss is
   at issue.
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              MR. HANNA:
                          Yes, Your Honor.
                          All right. Well, for the record, they were
              THE COURT:
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   noticed on all of the proceedings. They know about the hearing,
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   and they're not here. I deem that to be a waiver of any position
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    the government can take at this point.
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              All right, what is before the Court this morning are the
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   motions of all three defendants to dismiss the complaint for
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   failure, frankly, to comply with the heightened pleading
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   requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 9(b) and 12(b)(6)
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   as well, but 9(b) is the real problem for false claims cases,
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   because it has a significantly higher pleading standard.
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              I'm not sure yet whether in the aftermath of Iqbal and
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   Twombly, which would be the stricter pleading standard at this
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   point, because as you know, under Iqbal-Twombly, the pleadings
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   have to establish -- or allege specific facts to provide that it's
   plausible that the plaintiff could prevail on a particular cause
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   of action, and I don't believe that 9(b) talks about plausibility,
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   but those are two different documents, but they both point to the
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   same fact and the same concern, which is that given the expense of
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civil litigation, it's quite clear the message is being sent that the courts are going to become stricter and stricter about reviewing complaints to make sure that that expensive discovery process does not start if there is not truly an indication of a meritorious case. And one of the problems I think the plaintiff has here at least as to the two subcontractors, the more newly added defendants who I think were just added in the first amended complaint language -- I'm sorry, Learning Language Enterprises, Inc., and Ceiba Enterprises, Inc., there really are no specifics that are alleged whatsoever in that first amended complaint that would comply either with 9(b) or Iqbal-Twombly, so I'd like the plaintiff to first of all address that issue, and you have requested in the alternative to just a straight dismissal, that the Court dismiss without prejudice and give you an opportunity to file a second amended complaint. I guess what I want to know is if you were to file a second amended complaint, I want an idea of the kind of specificity you'd have available to you as to these other two defendants. Thank you very much, Your Honor. MR. PIERSON: I'm Kit Pierson from Cohen Milstein. Let me make a few observations and then get to your question, which I agree is central to this. Now, I should tell

you in all candor that I've been retained in this case in the last

basically have it wrong. I mean, there's a little bit of -- I
guess the law is a little bit unsettled with sort of how you deal
with these coconspirators in the false claims situation
post-Twombly and Iqbal, but where I think the law is probably
going is that, is that what needs to be shown here is not that
each of these defendants submitted false claims but that they -there was sufficient allegations that they participated in a

8 conspiracy to violate the False Claims Act and that there was, in 9 fact, an overt act by any of the defendants in furtherance of that 10 conspiracy.

There clearly were overt acts here, so fundamentally the question is whether, whether there's evidence that they engaged in a conspiracy and whether it's sufficiently specific to satisfy the requirements at least of *Twombly* and *Iqbal*, specific and plausible.

And I agree with you that the allegations that are in the complaint as currently drafted are, they are conclusory, so there are a couple observations I would make about that. One, I do believe based on the investigation we've done so far that we can make specific allegations against these other defendants that would be sufficient to get beyond a motion to dismiss for purposes of alleging a conspiracy.

Some of those allegations -- and this goes to your specific question -- is that, that they were using a practice that everyone in the industry knew would facilitate fraud. The

practice of using these oral exams, where all they're doing is getting somebody on the phone, is a little bit like letting someone take the bar exam over the phone, but it's even worse in this context, because these are \$200,000-a-year jobs that may go to people that are otherwise relatively unskilled that have no alternative, so anyone that was experienced in the industry such as these defendants would know that the basic practice they were using was inviting fraud.

If we amend the complaint against these defendants, we would allege that Mr. Funk was told by one of his subordinates that LLE was giving passing grades to people that had turned in blank sheets of paper on written exams.

THE COURT: And he can identify the subordinate who told him that?

MR. PIERSON: He can identify the person that told him that. We can also identify seven or eight individuals where we believe that occurred based on what he was told.

We would also allege that failing test scores -- that after he complained about people have failing test scores -- and the test scoring, as we understand it, was done by LLE and its successor -- after, after failing test -- after he learned of failing test scores, the scores were changed for some of those applicants, so that only days after he had learned that they were failing, they suddenly were no longer failing scores.

The last allegation that is specific to these -- and

frankly, Your Honor, at this point, I want to be very clear in my own mind before we amend the complaint about there's a transition from LLE to the successor Gracor, or Ceiba, and I'm going to need to be clear when we amend the complaint on what the timeline is on these, you know, when they transition from one defendant to the other defendant.

I don't want to make any -- I'm not in a position to make representations about that to you now, so I want to get a clear understanding of that, but the other fact that Mr. Funk learned was that some of the people taking written tests were using a cheat sheet, and the cheat sheet was a test form -- as I understand it, it was a test form from, from either LLE or the successor company that basically gave the questions that were going to be asked on the exam and then gave them English translations of what the right answers was, and that's something Mr. Funk knows from his personal knowledge, because they confessed -- several of the applicants after being confronted with this and after the cheat sheet was found confessed to him that they did have a cheat sheet. So someone was giving them the answers from the -- the questions and answers from the testing service.

What, what I believe, Your Honor, from all that is basically two things: One, I think there is a substantial basis for alleging that they were, in fact, participants in the fraud and for inferring from that that there was a conspiracy. They had

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1 no incentive to do this on their own. They had an incentive to do it if they were doing it in concert with MEP, who had subcontracted to them.

So based on what I know right now, I mean, I do want to be clear about the timelines as we do our investigation. are allegations of co-conspiracy that could be made against one or both of these testing companies.

The one issue that I would say, frankly thinking about, is what is clear as we go forward is that there's going to be a lot of discovery focused on MEP, and there will necessarily be discovery related to these other entities, whether they're third parties or whether they're defendants, and the question that I'm wrestling with in my early entry in the case is whether the more sensible thing to do is go ahead and proceed with that discovery against them and to see where it leads and to see how substantial the case against them is and whether they really are -- whether it rises to a level that really makes it not just legally sufficient but appropriate to proceed with them as a defendant in the case or whether the better course would be just to proceed against MEP.

So what I think the bottom line on that is for me, Your Honor, is that what we would request to do, regardless of the disposition of this motion, we will be seeking leave to amend the complaint within two or three weeks, depending on what the Court permits, and, and the allegations that I just made will undoubtedly be in the amended complaint, and I think the judgment

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we'll need to make is whether it's appropriate at that time to
name the other, the other current defendants as coconspirators, to
include them as defendants, or to simply include the allegations
and see where discovery takes us and find out the scope of their
involvement, and frankly, at this point, Your Honor, I haven't
made a decision about, about what the most appropriate way to
proceed in that regard is.
          THE COURT: All right.
          MR. PIERSON: That was a long answer to your question,
and I apologize. Did I answer your question?
          THE COURT: You did actually, yes. I mean, I'm
concerned about this case because the allegations are very
         The issue of possible fraud against the United States
government in connection with the war in Afghanistan and this
issue of translators -- this is not the first case we've had
involving translator services issues -- is very troubling to me.
          I -- from what the government indicated during the time
period the case was under seal, and they apparently are still
looking at it themselves independently, and I guess at any point,
they could choose to come in, correct?
          MR. PIERSON: They could, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: Yeah. Obviously, there's a lot at stake in
this case, especially for Mission Essential Personnel, which is a
significant government contractor, there's also a lot of issue in
this case. If they were found to be liable on any of these
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claims, I suspect they would be facing significant debarment potential, and you can see where I'm going with that as well, and that is, a case like this, if it hasn't already been looked at, should be considered by counsel for possible early settlement. Ι would suspect that the discovery in this case could be fairly complicated. Now, these translators, some of them are overseas people, correct? MR. PIERSON: They are, Your Honor, some of them. THE COURT: And so we just had a case like this where there were going to be, I don't know, 20 or 30 depositions that were going to have to be taken in the Middle East. That is logistically and financially complicated. It's doable, but it's something that counsel on all sides should be thinking about. Given the position that Mr. Funk had, as I understand it, sort of as the reviewer of this process at one point, I would think that he would have pretty good access to the information. As I read the complaint, I mean, this is a complaint where the complainant says he has direct knowledge, not this is inferential, which impressed me. And some of the issues in this case struck me as being fairly concrete. There's the DOMEX billing matter. I would have assumed that both the defendant and -- MEP and the plaintiff would already have some discovery or some idea about the specifics of that.

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MR. PIERSON: Yeah. In fact, Your Honor, from speaking
with Mr. Funk, I would just note -- and, of course, time will bear
this out or it won't -- I got involved in this case, I believe
that Mr. Funk is highly credible and, in fact, in some respects a
hero, and I base that not only on years of work in connection with
Guantanamo, which gives me some familiarity with this, but almost
30 years in the practice of law, and that is why I became involved
in the case.
          With regard to DOCEX and DOMEX, my understanding is
that, is that we do have pretty specific information that we can
add to this. I mean, the basic allegation relating to DOMEX is
pretty straightforward. People were only working 10 hours a week
and were routinely being billed at 40 hours a week to the
government, and the allegations get a little uglier than that, but
that's, that's the guts of it, and my understanding is that we
actually -- we're certainly in a position to describe the time
period in which that occurred, the location at which it occurred,
the method by which it occurred, the invoices on which it
occurred, not on an invoice-specific basis but the nature of the
invoices, and I think we can also list the individuals for whom we
believe that occurred.
          THE COURT: All right. Well, that obviously would be
the icing on the cake --
          MR. PIERSON: Yeah.
          THE COURT: -- and so what I am going to do is I am
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granting all three motions to dismiss.

I'm going to dismiss the first amended complaint as of today without prejudice. I'm going to give you -- we've already got a discovery order -- schedule in this case, so I can't give you too much time. I think two weeks is more than sufficient.

MR. PIERSON: That's fine.

THE COURT: And I do expect based upon the comments in court today that you will be extremely judicious in looking at how you structure that second amended complaint.

I also strongly suggest if your evidence is as concrete and strong as you say it is, you know, in civil cases, you really don't benefit by hiding stuff. I'd start talking with opposing counsel. If it's there, it's there, and they will be able to then evaluate what their positions ought to be. All right?

MR. PIERSON: Your Honor, I'm just in complete agreement with the observations you're making. I mean, we appreciate the gravity of the allegations for the defendants to some degree from Mr. Funk, but most importantly for what's going on in Afghanistan, and if there's a way to have a frank dialogue with them and share the information that we have and expedite discovery with them and to see if, see if there are ways to resolve this in a sensible way that perhaps as importantly as anything else furthers the mission overseas, we are totally receptive to all of that.

THE COURT: Now, remember, the government has to sign off.

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MR. PIERSON: Well, I understand, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: And I should tell you, Judge Anderson is
   phenomenal at settling cases. He's the magistrate judge assigned
   to this case. If you feel you can't do it by yourselves, you
   would be extremely wise to ask him to intervene as quickly as
   possible, because you do have, you know, the scheduling order is
   an issue, and your discovery cutoff is January 14.
              MR. PIERSON: Could I ask you one question, Your Honor?
             THE COURT: Yeah.
              MR. PIERSON: Which is -- because I'm acutely aware of
    the discovery schedule and what it has done to my December 30
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   birthday, and I guess the one issue about amending the complaint
    is I would -- we would like to get discovery requests out to them
    soon, and the only issue in my mind is whether we now need to wait
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   until the complaint is amended.
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              THE COURT: You do not. I mean, that clock is ticking.
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   Both sides can be making discovery demands upon each other, all
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   right?
             MR. PIERSON: All right. Thank you very much, Your
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   Honor.
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              THE COURT: Do I need to hear anything from defense
             I mean, as I said, I would strongly suggest at this
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   counsel?
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   point, it's early on in the game, that you think about talking
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   concretely with opposing counsel, and if you think getting with
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    Judge Anderson early on would help, feel free to do so.
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                Yes, sir.
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                MR. ANIKEEFF: Your Honor, if Your Honor has made her
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      ruling --
                             I have.
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                THE COURT:
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                MR. ANIKEEFF: -- then we'll accept it.
                We could ask to reconsider on the grounds that we
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      strongly believe that plaintiff, who has had this case for a year
      and a half, he is the consummate insider. He says he knows all
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      the facts. His complaint was strewn with the names of many people
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      at MEP, and not once has he come forward with a specific
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      allegation.
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                THE COURT: Well, I have to tell you I understand that.
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      I mean, I've read your briefs, and I know that you feel they've
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      already had one opportunity to amend, but in terms of the
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      complaints that come through here, there's far more meat on the
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      bones of this complaint than there is on the standard civil one,
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      quite frankly.
                Now, I understand it's a false claims case.
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      then -- and, you know, the exhibits that were attached, now, they
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      were not 100 percent genuine in the sense that they were
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      represented to be MEP documents, and, in fact, they were spread
      sheets made from MEP data, as I understand it.
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                Nevertheless, that's a lot of specificity, and, you
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      know, when a plaintiff puts that degree of specificity in the
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complaint, it really is -- it really does put the plaintiff at

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some exposure. I have seen at trial very effective use made of
allegations in a complaint for which there was no evidence or
contradictory evidence during the trial, and I have seen some very
fine trial attorneys reading from the verified complaint to the
jury, saying, you know, this is what the plaintiff said to the
Court under a verified statement: Blah, blah, blah, blah, blah,
and, folks, there was no evidence of that whatsoever in this case,
or we've shown just the opposite. So -- and we have experienced
counsel representing the plaintiff.
          But I do think in this case -- and part of it is the
gravity of the issues involved. The war contracting problems are
real, and I want to make sure that we've addressed all those cases
very carefully, but in this case, I have ruled.
          I recommend strongly you think early on about
settlement, if that's a potential, and again, the government would
have to be involved, which does make these types of settlements
complicated. I've done them before, and I know how that can
happen, but within two weeks, you'll see the amended complaint.
That will be the second amended complaint. We seldom allow a
third, so I want everybody on notice.
          And then I'll give the defendants ten days to respond
either through -- have you answered yet?
          MR. ANIKEEFF: No, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: You have not.
          MR. ANIKEEFF: We moved to dismiss.
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THE COURT: Then you'll have ten days in which to file an answer to the second amended complaint or another round of dispositive motions.

MR. ANIKEEFF: Your Honor, we're going to make one other request. For whatever reason, Mr. Funk has seen that litigating this case in court is not enough. He's appeared on nationwide TV, on ABC News, on Nightline, and in various media.

We would request that the Court order or direct Mr. Funk to confine his litigation to this case in this Court so that we don't also have to fight this battle on the public airwaves. In Harrison I, the court said that one of the reasons for a motion to dismiss is so that the reputation of a company such as Mission Essential Personnel would not be sullied.

Your Honor has already indicated how severe these applications are, and they stick on a wall like mud on an unplastered wall, and it's going to take a long time for MEP to clean that wall, and we're going to do it through this Court, but it doesn't help when it's carried on in the media, where we don't have an equal opportunity and our name continues to be sullied, and it was why we did move to dismiss, because we believe however severe the allegations are, they were not substantiated.

Your Honor has ruled. We will deal with the amended complaint appropriately, but we'd ask that this litigation be confined to this Court. Thank you.

MR. PIERSON: Your Honor, what I would suggest -- I will

1 tell you --

THE COURT: You've got a great voice, but I still want you at the lectern.

MR. PIERSON: I will tell you, Your Honor, that perhaps to a fault, it has never been my practice to litigate cases in the media. It's not something I'm very comfortable with, and it's not what I do.

With that said, as Your Honor's comments reflect, this is a matter of enormous public concern, and what I would suggest since this issue is essentially being raised for the first time here, if they're seriously suggesting there should be a gag order of some sort on Mr. Funk, that that's an issue that should be briefed.

THE COURT: I'm not imposing a gag order. In criminal cases, there's a different kind of concern. At this point, you know, you're all significantly experienced counsel. It's dangerous for a party litigant to get out there and say things in the public. Again, it can come back to haunt at the trial.

I think, you know, you-all are good counsel. You should talk with your client and appropriately control him, but he has a First Amendment right to speak, as does the defendant, who can also speak to defend itself, and at this point, I -- of course, I don't spend a lot of time with the media -- will start looking for public comment on this case from here on out, but I haven't seen it come up a great deal where it's gotten my attention. When I

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   have a case and I hear things in the press about it, I usually
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   remember it.
              So that's all I'm going to do at this point, but I'm not
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   a big fan of gag orders, so the request is denied.
              MR. PIERSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: If something else happens and something gets
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   worse or if there's some problem with confidential information
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    that's getting leaked out, that's a different situation, all
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    right?
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              All right, we'll recess court until 3:00.
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                              (Which were all the proceedings
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                              had at this time.)
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                        CERTIFICATE OF THE REPORTER
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         I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript of the
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    record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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                                        Anneliese J.
                                                     Thomson
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